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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/898,495	07/05/2001	Magozou Hamamoto	Q65333	8441
7590 05/19/2004 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC			EXAMINER	
			SMITH, JULIE KNECHT	
2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20037-3213		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			3682	

DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/898,495	HAMAMOTO ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Julie K Smith	3682
The MAILING DATE of this communic Period for Reply	cation appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOTHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNION  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this community of the period for reply specified above, the maximum states of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum states of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum states of the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply is specified above.	CATION.  of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a unication.  ) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of the utory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC will, by statute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed  hirty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	i on <u>20 February 200</u> 4.	
_	b)⊡ This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for	or allowance except for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practic		
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are pending in the app	olication.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are	•	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrict	on and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the	Evaminer	
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>19 October 20</u>		objected to by the Eveniner
Applicant may not request that any object		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including t		( )
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to		
		22 000 (10
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo	or foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of:		
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority d		
	ocuments have been received in A	
•	f the priority documents have been	n received in this National Stage
application from the Internation * See the attached detailed Office action		t received
222 and accounted doctained diffice doction	Total not of the definied copies no	. Toosiyeu,
AMaahuu audda)		
Attachment(s)  1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	л <b>п.</b>	
<ul> <li>1)</li></ul>	4) ∐ Interview O-948) Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) (s)/Mail Date
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
5. Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 051604

Application/Control Number: 09/898,495

Art Unit: 3682

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. (5,807,920).

Regarding claims 1-6, Ueno et al. discloses a rolling bearing comprising inner and outer members rotatable relative to each other, a plurality of rolling elements rotatably interposed between said inner and outer members and a retainer (H), made of a synthetic resin (polyamide 46, polyphenylene sulfide, or PEEK) containing glass or carbon fibers within the claimed ranges, rotatably holding said rolling elements. Ueno et al. is silent as to the properties of the resin composition of the retainer.

However, it would have been obvious to make the retainer out of a resin having the claimed properties since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416.* Moreover, it would be inherent for the claimed materials having the specified glass or carbon composition to have the properties as described in Claim 1.

Application/Control Number: 09/898,495

Art Unit: 3682

Regarding claim 7, even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. *In re Thorpe*, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985)

3. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ueno et al. as applied to claims 1-7 above, and further in view of Aramaki et al. (5,590,225). Ueno et al. discloses a retainer made from a resin, as claimed, but does not disclose a resin composition made only of two components and not containing a heat-resisting resin. However, Aramaki et al. teaches a retainer comprising a resin consisting only of a PPS resin and glass fiber reinforcement.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the retainer of Ueno et al. with the teachings of Aramaki et al. so as to provide a resin made of only two components. The third component of Ueno et al. (hydrocarbon polymer) was added to improve oil resistance. It would have been obvious to leave this component out if oil resistance was not a desired property of the retainer.

### Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 2/20/04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Application/Control Number: 09/898,495

Art Unit: 3682

Regarding claims 1-4, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., a two-component resin) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Regarding claims 5 and 6, even though Ueno et al. states that super engineering plastics are expensive to use, the limitations in the claims are still disclosed.

#### Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Art Unit: 3682

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julie K Smith whose telephone number is 703-305-3948. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8-5:30, (Every other Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A Bucci can be reached on 703-308-3668. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

رادگا Jks May 16, 2004

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